

Parent-Involvement

Article: 15K

Hawkins, J.D. et al. (1992). Risk and protective factors for alcohol and other drug problems in adolescence and early adulthood: Implications for substance abuse prevention. *Psychological Bulletin*, 112, 1:64-105.

Research Checklist

- The strategy (or program) produced the desired changes in the target population.
- The research was conducted by reputable researchers and published in a reputable journal.
- The study used a rigorous evaluation design.
- The study shows few negative side effects.
- The study was replicated at more than one site.
- The program was implemented by school staff in the study.
- The study is a meta-analysis.

Check all that apply:

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prevention | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intervention | <input type="checkbox"/> Treatment |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Substance abuse | <input type="checkbox"/> Violence | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Problem Behavior |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Preschool | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Elementary | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Middle School |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High School | <input type="checkbox"/> School Staff | <input type="checkbox"/> Parents |

Summary: (Give your opinion about the quality and outcome of this study. Would you recommend use of this strategy based on this article?)

This analysis clearly identifies risk factors, targets, and approaches for more effective preventive intervention of drug use. When considering implementation of any potential programs, it is recommended that those involved acquaint themselves with the information found in this article.